

Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Reach S-CC16 (Timber Mat Crossing) Perennial Spread I Pittsylvania County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope >4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	✓
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	✓
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

Spread I Stream S-CC16 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County

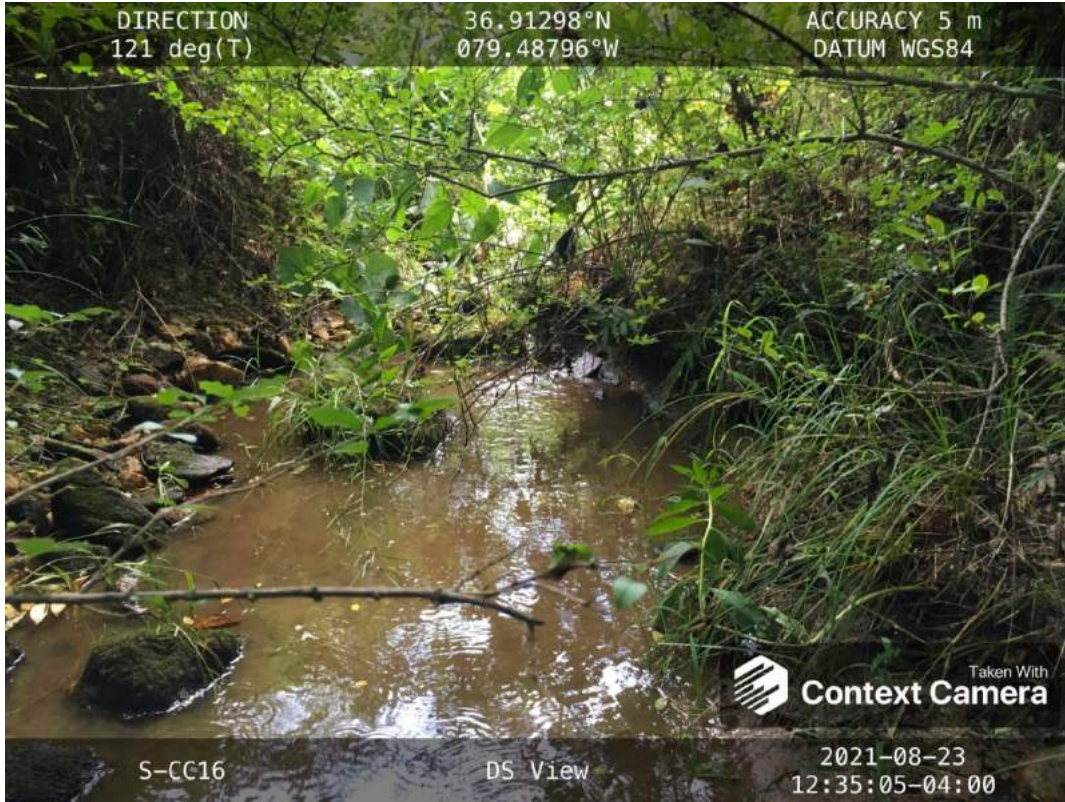


Photo Type: DS VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking E, CB/BH



Photo Type: US VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking W, CB/BH

Spread I Stream S-CC16 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: LB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking N, CB/BH

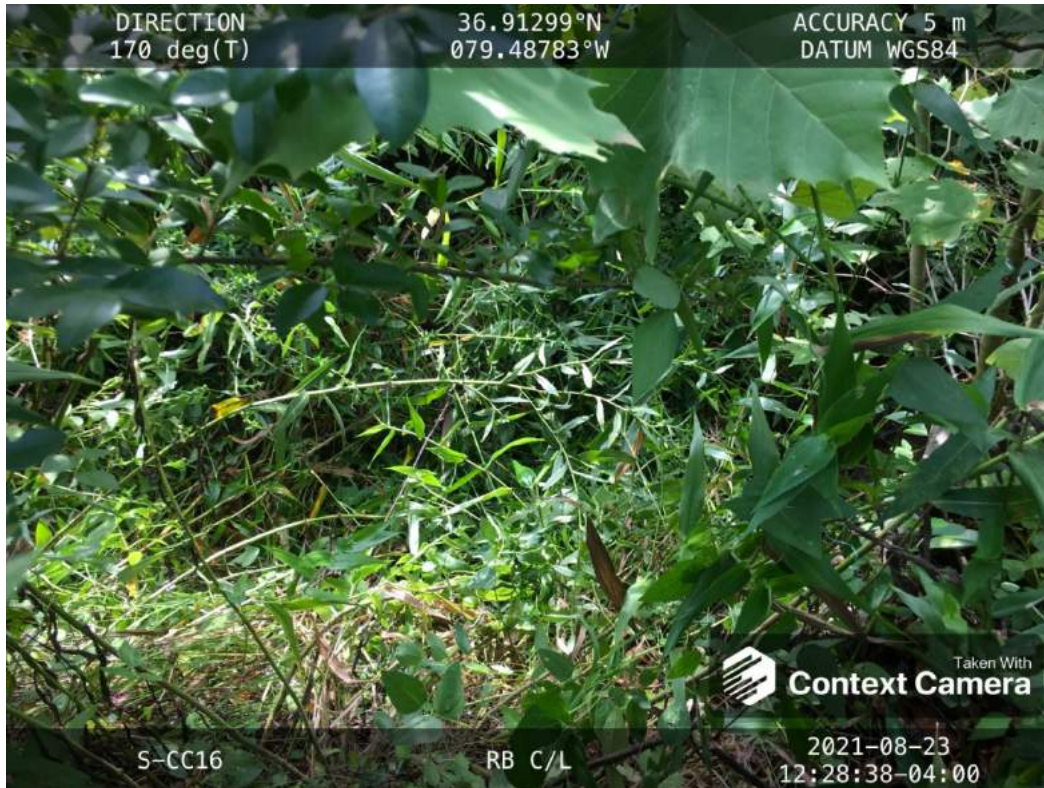


Photo Type: RB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking S, CB/BH

Spread I Stream S-CC16 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: DS COND

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking E, CB/BH

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-CC16	LOCATION Pittsylvania County	
STATION # _____ RIVERMILE _____	STREAM CLASS Perennial	
LAT 36.913003 LONG -79.487838	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke	
STORET # _____	AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS CB BH		
FORM COMPLETED BY BH	DATE 8/23/21 TIME 1215	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

WEATHER CONDITIONS	<table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"> Now <input type="checkbox"/> storm (heavy rain) <input type="checkbox"/> rain (steady rain) <input type="checkbox"/> showers (intermittent) <input type="checkbox"/> %cloud cover <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear/sunny </td> <td style="width: 50%;"> Past 24 hours <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> % <input type="checkbox"/> </td> </tr> </table>	Now <input type="checkbox"/> storm (heavy rain) <input type="checkbox"/> rain (steady rain) <input type="checkbox"/> showers (intermittent) <input type="checkbox"/> %cloud cover <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear/sunny	Past 24 hours <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> % <input type="checkbox"/>		
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SITE LOCATION/MAP	<p>Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>Air Temperature 32.8 °C Other _____</p> <p>Draw a map of the site and indicate the areas sampled (or attach a photograph)</p>				
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	<table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"> Stream Subsystem <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perennial <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal </td> <td style="width: 50%;"> Stream Type <input type="checkbox"/> Coldwater <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Warmwater </td> </tr> <tr> <td> Stream Origin <input type="checkbox"/> Glacial <input type="checkbox"/> Spring-fed <input type="checkbox"/> Non-glacial montane <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mixture of origins <input type="checkbox"/> Swamp and bog <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ </td> <td> Catchment Area _____ km² </td> </tr> </table>	Stream Subsystem <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perennial <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal	Stream Type <input type="checkbox"/> Coldwater <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Warmwater	Stream Origin <input type="checkbox"/> Glacial <input type="checkbox"/> Spring-fed <input type="checkbox"/> Non-glacial montane <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mixture of origins <input type="checkbox"/> Swamp and bog <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	Catchment Area _____ km ²
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Stream Origin <input type="checkbox"/> Glacial <input type="checkbox"/> Spring-fed <input type="checkbox"/> Non-glacial montane <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mixture of origins <input type="checkbox"/> Swamp and bog <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	Catchment Area _____ km ²				

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES	Predominant Surrounding Landuse <input type="checkbox"/> Forest <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Field/Pasture <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>row</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Residential	Local Watershed NPS Pollution <input type="checkbox"/> No evidence <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Some potential sources <input type="checkbox"/> Obvious sources Local Watershed Erosion <input type="checkbox"/> None <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> Heavy
RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant species present <input type="checkbox"/> Trees <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shrubs <input type="checkbox"/> Grasses <input type="checkbox"/> Herbaceous Dominant species present <u>Tuliptree</u>	
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length <u>15.2</u> m Estimated Stream Width <u>0.9</u> m Sampling Reach Area <u>13.9</u> m ² Area in km² (m²x1000) _____ km ² Estimated Stream Depth <u>0.2</u> m Surface Velocity (at thalweg) <u>0.5</u> m/sec	Canopy Cover <input type="checkbox"/> Partly open <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Partly shaded <input type="checkbox"/> Shaded High Water Mark <u>0.3</u> m Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle <u>80</u> % Run <u>20</u> % Pool _____ % Channelized <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No Dam Present <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS	LWD _____ m ² Density of LWD _____ m ² /km ² (LWD/ reach area)	
AQUATIC VEGETATION	Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant species present <input type="checkbox"/> Rooted emergent <input type="checkbox"/> Rooted submergent <input type="checkbox"/> Rooted floating <input type="checkbox"/> Free floating <input type="checkbox"/> Floating Algae <input type="checkbox"/> Attached Algae Dominant species present _____ Portion of the reach with aquatic vegetation _____ %	
WATER QUALITY	Temperature <u>18.8 D</u> °C Specific Conductance <u>33.8 D</u> ms/cm Dissolved Oxygen <u>6.67 D</u> mg/L pH <u>6.35 D</u> su Turbidity <u>N/A</u> WQ Instrument Used <u>YSI</u>	Water Odors <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Normal/None <input type="checkbox"/> Sewage <input type="checkbox"/> Petroleum <input type="checkbox"/> Chemical <input type="checkbox"/> Fishy <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ Water Surface Oils <input type="checkbox"/> Slick <input type="checkbox"/> Sheen <input type="checkbox"/> Globs Flecks <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ Turbidity (if not measured) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clear <input type="checkbox"/> Slightly turbid <input type="checkbox"/> Turbid <input type="checkbox"/> Opaque <input type="checkbox"/> Stained <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SEDIMENT/SUBSTRATE	Odors <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Normal <input type="checkbox"/> Sewage <input type="checkbox"/> Petroleum <input type="checkbox"/> Chemical <input type="checkbox"/> Anaerobic <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ Deposits <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> Sawdust <input type="checkbox"/> Paper fiber <input type="checkbox"/> Sand <input type="checkbox"/> Relict shells <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ Oils <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absent <input type="checkbox"/> Slight <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> Profuse Looking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%)			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)		
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	15
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")				
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")	12	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")	60			
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)	28	Marl	grey, shell fragments	
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm				
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)				

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-CC16		LOCATION Pittsylvania County	
STATION # _____ RIVERMILE _____		STREAM CLASS Perennial	
LAT 36.913003 LONG -79.487838		RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke	
STORET #		AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS CB BH			
FORM COMPLETED BY BH		DATE 8/23/21 TIME 1215 AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

	Habitat Parameter	Condition Category			
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor	
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient). SCORE 10	20 19 18 17 16 Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).	15 14 13 12 11 40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	10 9 8 7 6 20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	5 4 3 2 1 0 Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.
	2. Embeddedness Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space. SCORE 12	20 19 18 17 16 Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	15 14 13 12 11 Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25-50% surrounded by fine sediment.	10 9 8 7 6 Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50-75% surrounded by fine sediment.	5 4 3 2 1 0 Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.
	3. Velocity/Depth Regime All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.) SCORE 9	20 19 18 17 16 All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	15 14 13 12 11 Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	10 9 8 7 6 Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	5 4 3 2 1 0 Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).
	4. Sediment Deposition Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition. SCORE 17	20 19 18 17 16 Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	15 14 13 12 11 Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	10 9 8 7 6 Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	5 4 3 2 1 0 Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.
	5. Channel Flow Status Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed. SCORE 13	20 19 18 17 16 Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	15 14 13 12 11 Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	10 9 8 7 6 Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	5 4 3 2 1 0 Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

Habitat Parameter	Condition Category																			
	Optimal					Suboptimal					Marginal					Poor				
6. Channel Alteration SCORE <u>18</u>	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.					Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.					Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.					Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.				
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) SCORE <u>18</u>	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.					Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.					Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.					Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.				
	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream. SCORE <u>8</u> SCORE <u>8</u>	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.					Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.					Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.					Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.				
	Left Bank	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0		
	Right Bank	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0		
9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank) SCORE <u>7</u> SCORE <u>7</u>	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.					70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.					50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.					Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.				
	Left Bank	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0		
	Right Bank	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0		
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone) SCORE <u>3</u> SCORE <u>3</u>	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.					Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.					Width of riparian zone 6-12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.					Width of riparian zone <6 meters; little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.				
	Left Bank	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0		
	Right Bank	10	9			8	7	6			5	4	3			2	1	0		

Total Score 133

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME S-CC16	LOCATION Pittsylvania County	
STATION # _____ RIVERMILE _____	STREAM CLASS Perennial	
LAT <u>36.913003</u> LONG <u>-79.487838</u>	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke	
STORET # _____	AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS KB/TC	LOT NUMBER _____	
FORM COMPLETED BY KB/TC	DATE <u>9/9/21</u> TIME <u>2:00 PM</u>	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble <u>100</u> % <input type="checkbox"/> Snags _____ % <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetated Banks _____ % <input type="checkbox"/> Sand _____ % <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged Macrophytes _____ % <input type="checkbox"/> Other (_____) _____ %
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used <input type="checkbox"/> D-frame <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> kick-net <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ How were the samples collected? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> wading <input type="checkbox"/> from bank <input type="checkbox"/> from boat Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble <u>4</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Snags _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetated Banks _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Sand _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Submerged Macrophytes _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Other (_____) _____
GENERAL COMMENTS	4 kicks done in cobble riffle habitats.

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3= Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

Mountain Valley Pipeline
Data are not adjusted for subsampling



ORDER	GENUS/SPECIES	COUNT
	Sample ID S-CC16	
	Collection Date 09-09-2021	
Ephemeroptera	Acerpenna sp.	1
Ephemeroptera	Eurylophella sp.	1
Ephemeroptera	Leptophlebiidae	4
Ephemeroptera	Maccaffertium sp.	3
Plecoptera	Eccoptura xanthenes	3
Plecoptera	Leuctra sp.	7
Plecoptera	Perlodidae	6
Trichoptera	Cheumatopsyche sp.	2
Trichoptera	Chimarra sp.	8
Trichoptera	Diplectrona sp.	45
Trichoptera	Hydropsyche sp.	2
Trichoptera	Psilotreta sp.	1
Trichoptera	Rhyacophila sp.	4
Trichoptera	Trienodes sp.	1
Odonata	Calopterygidae	5
Coleoptera	Anchytarsus bicolor	2
Coleoptera	Ectopria sp.	2
Coleoptera	Helichus sp.	1
Coleoptera	Oulimnius sp.	13
Coleoptera	Psephenus sp.	1
Coleoptera	Stenelmis sp.	6
Megaloptera	Nigronia sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Cryptochironomus sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Heleniella sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Limnophyes sp.	2
Diptera-Chironomidae	Micropsectra sp.	21
Diptera-Chironomidae	Nilotanypus sp.	2
Diptera-Chironomidae	Paracladopelma sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Parametrioctenus sp.	7
Diptera-Chironomidae	Polypeditum sp.	14
Diptera-Chironomidae	Tanytarsus sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Thienemannimyia gr. sp.	6
Diptera-Chironomidae	Zavrelimyia sp.	1
Diptera	Antocha sp.	1
Diptera	Ceratopogoninae	4
Diptera	Dicranota sp.	1
Diptera	Dixa sp.	1
Diptera	Empididae	1
Diptera	Ephydriidae	1
Diptera	Hexatoma sp.	1
Diptera	Limnophila sp.	1
Diptera	Ormosia sp.	1
Diptera	Tipulidae	1
Annelida	Lumbriculidae	3
Gastropoda	Pleuroceridae	7
Crustacea	Cambarus sp.	3
Other Organisms	Turbellaria	5
TOTAL		207

Mountain Valley Pipeline
WV SCI Metrics



Sample ID	S-CC16
Collection Date	09-09-2021
WVSCI Metric Values	
Total taxa	28
EPT taxa	12
% EPT	42.5
% Chironomidae	27.5
% 2 Dominant	51.2
HBI	4.76
WVSCI Metric Scores	
Total taxa	133.3
EPT taxa	92.3
% EPT	46.3
% Chironomidae	73.2
% 2 Dominant	76.2
HBI	73.8
WVSCI Metric Scores	
Total taxa	100.0
EPT taxa	92.3
% EPT	46.3
% Chironomidae	73.2
% 2 Dominant	76.2
HBI	73.8
WVSCI Total Score	77.0

WVSCI Thresholds
Unimpaired = > 68.00
Gray Zone = 60.61 to 68.00
Impaired = <60.61

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County:	Pittsylvania	Stream ID:	S-CC16
Stream Name:	UNT to Harpen Creek	Basin:	Upper Roanoke
HUC Code:	03010101		
Survey Date:	8/23/2021		
Surveyors:	CB BH		
Type:	Representative		

PEBBLE COUNT							
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cum
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	▲ ▼		0.00	0.00
	Very Fine	.062-.125	S A N D	▲ ▼	8	8.00	8.00
	Fine	.125-.25		▲ ▼	8	8.00	16.00
	Medium	.25-.5		▲ ▼		0.00	16.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0		▲ ▼	5	5.00	21.00
.04-.08	Very Coarse	1.0-2		▲ ▼	7	7.00	28.00
.08 -.16	Very Fine	2 -4		G R A V E L	▲ ▼	10	10.00
.16 - .22	Fine	4 -5.7	▲ ▼		9	9.00	47.00
.22 - .31	Fine	5.7 - 8	▲ ▼		4	4.00	51.00
.31 - .44	Medium	8 -11.3	▲ ▼		8	8.00	59.00
.44 - .63	Medium	11.3 - 16	▲ ▼		6	6.00	65.00
.63 - .89	Coarse	16 -22.6	▲ ▼		8	8.00	73.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	▲ ▼		5	5.00	78.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	▲ ▼		6	6.00	84.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64	▲ ▼		4	4.00	88.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90	C O B B L E		▲ ▼	1	1.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128		▲ ▼	4	4.00	93.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180		▲ ▼	3	3.00	96.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		▲ ▼	4	4.00	100.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362	B O U L D E R	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
				Totals:	100		
Total Tally:							

RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

 River Name: UNT to Harpen Creek
 Reach Name: S-CC16
 Sample Name: Representative
 Survey Date: 08/23/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062	0	0.00	0.00
0.062 - 0.125	8	8.00	8.00
0.125 - 0.25	8	8.00	16.00
0.25 - 0.50	0	0.00	16.00
0.50 - 1.0	5	5.00	21.00
1.0 - 2.0	7	7.00	28.00
2.0 - 4.0	10	10.00	38.00
4.0 - 5.7	9	9.00	47.00
5.7 - 8.0	4	4.00	51.00
8.0 - 11.3	8	8.00	59.00
11.3 - 16.0	6	6.00	65.00
16.0 - 22.6	8	8.00	73.00
22.6 - 32.0	5	5.00	78.00
32 - 45	6	6.00	84.00
45 - 64	4	4.00	88.00
64 - 90	1	1.00	89.00
90 - 128	4	4.00	93.00
128 - 180	3	3.00	96.00
180 - 256	4	4.00	100.00
256 - 362	0	0.00	100.00
362 - 512	0	0.00	100.00
512 - 1024	0	0.00	100.00
1024 - 2048	0	0.00	100.00
Bedrock	0	0.00	100.00

D16 (mm)	0.25
D35 (mm)	3.4
D50 (mm)	7.42
D84 (mm)	45
D95 (mm)	162.67
D100 (mm)	256
Silt/Clay (%)	0
Sand (%)	28
Gravel (%)	60
Cobble (%)	12
Boulder (%)	0
Bedrock (%)	0

Total Particles = 100.

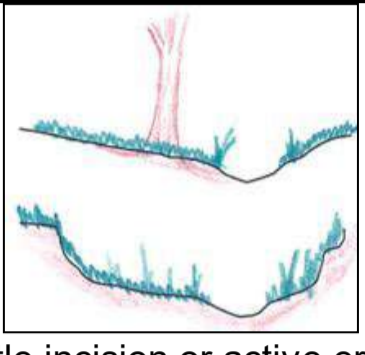
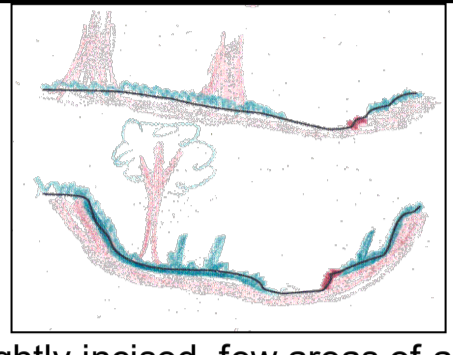
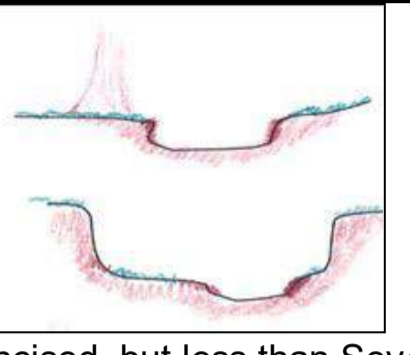
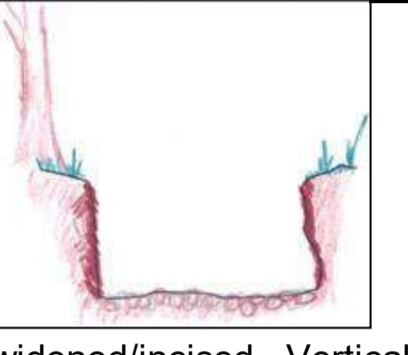
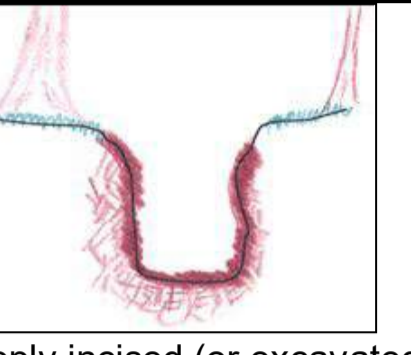
Stream Assessment Form (Form 1)

Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia

For use in wadeable channels classified as intermittent or perennial

Project #	Project Name (Applicant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC)	Pittsylvania	R3	03010101	8/23/21	S-CC16	50	1
Name(s) of Evaluator(s)		Stream Name and Information					SAR Length	
CB BH		UNT to Harpen Creek					82	

1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation)

Channel Condition	Conditional Category					Scores	CI				
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor	Severe						
											
	Very little incision or active erosion; 80-100% stable banks. Vegetative surface protection or natural rock, prominent (80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars / bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully developed wide bankfull benches. Mid-channel bars and transverse bars few. Transient sediment deposition covers less than 10% of bottom.	Slightly incised, few areas of active erosion or unprotected banks. Majority of banks are stable (60-80%). Vegetative protection or natural rock prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to stability. The bankfull and low flow channels are well defined. Stream likely has access to bankfull benches, or newly developed floodplains along portions of the reach. Transient sediment covers 10-40% of the stream bottom.	Often incised, but less than Severe or Poor. Banks more stable than Severe or Poor due to lower bank slopes. Erosion may be present on 40-60% of both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be vertical or undercut. AND/OR 40-60% Sediment may be temporary / transient, contribute instability. Deposition that contribute to stability, may be forming/present. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection on > 40% of the banks and depositional features which contribute to stability.	Overwidened/incised. Vertically / laterally unstable. Likely to widen further. Majority of both banks are near vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of banks. Vegetative protection present on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in nature, and contributing to instability. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection is present on > 40% of the banks and stable sediment deposition is absent.	Deeply incised (or excavated), vertical/lateral instability. Severe incision, flow contained within the banks. Streambed below average rooting depth, majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less than 20% of banks, is not preventing erosion. Obvious bank sloughing present. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100%. AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability. Multiple thread channels and/or subterranean flow.	3	2.4	2	1.6	1	2.40
NOTES>>											

2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable)

Riparian Buffers	Conditional Category						NOTES>>	
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
	Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas.	High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.				
Scores	1.5	High 1.2	Low 1.1	High 0.85	Low 0.75	High 0.6	Low 0.5	
1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors. 2. Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below. 3. Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below.						Ensure the sums of % Riparian Blocks equal 100		
Right Bank	% Riparian Area>	100%					100%	
	Score >	0.85						
CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2								
Left Bank	% Riparian Area>	100%					100%	CI
	Score >	0.85						0.85

3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embeddedness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features.

Instream Habitat/ Available Cover	Conditional Category				NOTES>>	
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor		
	Habitat elements are typically present in greater than 50% of the reach.	Stable habitat elements are typically present in 30-50% of the reach and are adequate for maintenance of populations.	Stable habitat elements are typically present in 10-30% of the reach and are adequate for maintenance of populations.	Habitat elements listed above are lacking or are unstable. Habitat elements are typically present in less than 10% of the reach.		
Scores	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.5	Stream Gradient High / Low	CI 1.20

Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2

Project #	Project Name (Applicant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC)	Pittsylvania	R3	03010101	8/23/21	S-CC16	50	1

4. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock

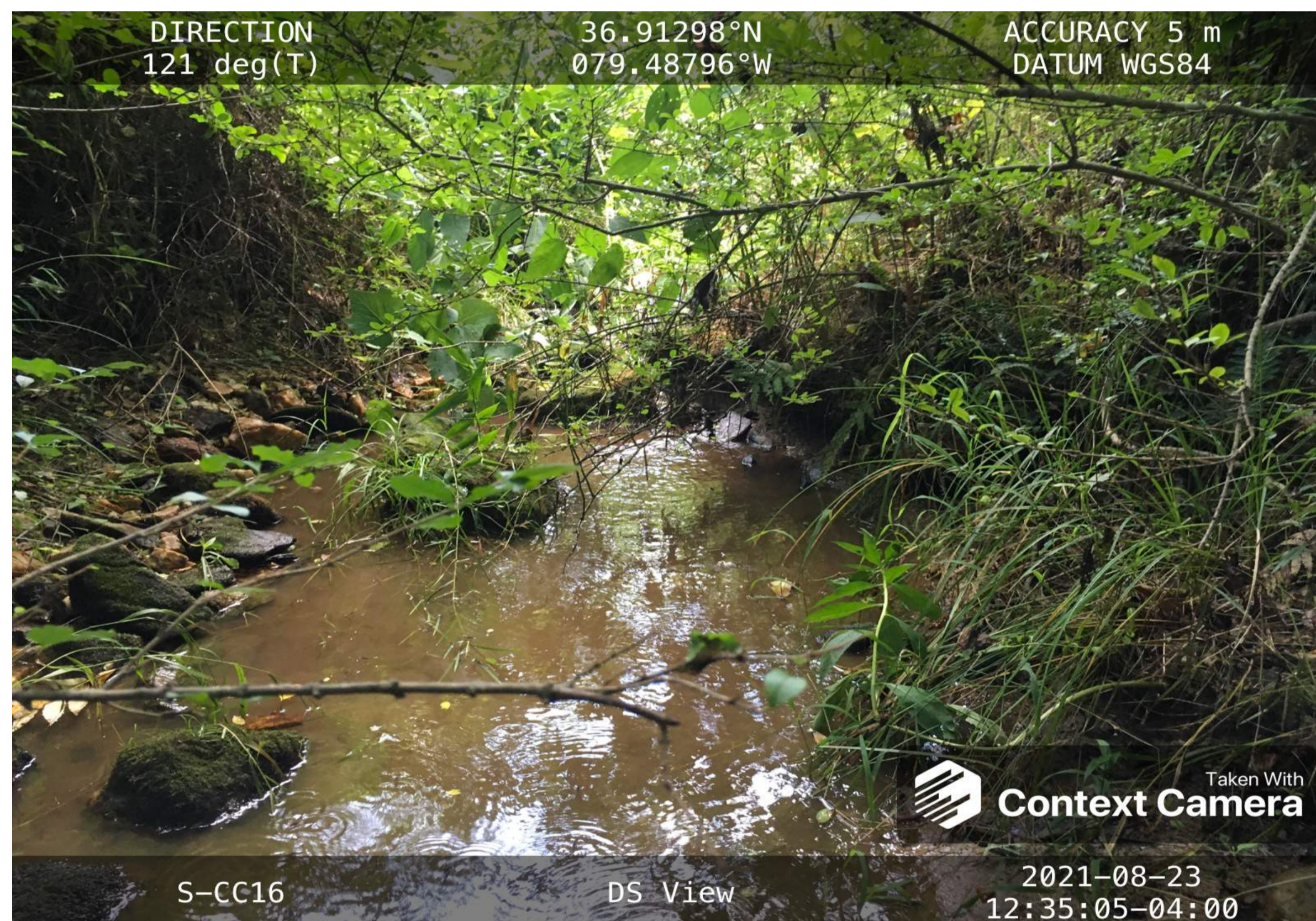
Channel Alteration	Conditional Category					NOTES>>
	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Severe	Scores	
Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	Less than 20% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	20-40% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	40 - 60% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	60 - 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	Greater than 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines AND/OR 80% of banks shored with gabion, riprap, or cement.	CI
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	1.30

REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >>	1.15
RCI= (Sum of all CI's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian CI/2)	
COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>	58
CR = RCI X L _i X IF	

INSERT PHOTOS:



CAPTION. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.

DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER

