Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Revisit

*Additional field visits were attempted on 2/8/2022, however data could not be collected due to limited access. For those streams, professional judgment was used to assign proxy values based on comparable streams in proximity. Another assessment is planned during the benthic collection window.

Reach S-IJ85 (Permanent Access Road) Perennial Spread H Roanoke County, Virginia

Data	Included				
Photos	✓				
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓				
SWVM Form					
FCI Calculator and HGM Form					
RBP Physical Characteristics Form					
Water Quality Data					
RBP Habitat Form	Proxy Stream Information Utilized; Refer to				
RBP Benthic Form	Master Stream Summary Table				
Benthic Identification Sheet					
Wolman Pebble Count					
RiverMorph Data Sheet					
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections					

Spread H Stream S-IJ85 (Perm. Access Road) Roanoke County



Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at LOC looking WNW, SF



Photo Type: CL ACCESS-1 Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On access road looking WSW, SF

Spread H Stream S-IJ85 (Perm. Access Road) Roanoke County



Photo Type: CL ACCESS-2
Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On access road looking NE, SF



Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at LOC looking SE, SF

Spread H Stream S-IJ85 (Perm. Access Road) Roanoke County



Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at LOC looking NNW, SF

Stream Assessment Form (Form 1) Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia For use in wadeable channels classified as intermittent or perennial **Impact** Cowardin **Impact Project # Project Name (Applicant)** SAR# HUC Locality Date **Factor** Length Class. **Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain** Roanoke 22865.06 R3 03010101 10/5/2021 **S-IJ85** 50 **Valley Pipeline, LLC)** County Name(s) of Evaluator(s) **Stream Name and Information** SAR Length **UNT to Bottom Creek** ES 50 1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation) **Conditional Category Optimal** Suboptimal Marginal Poor Severe Very little incision or active erosion; 80-Slightly incised, few areas of active Overwidened/incised. Vertically / Deeply incised (or excavated), Often incised, but less than Severe or 100% stable banks. Vegetative surface erosion or unprotected banks. Majority Poor. Banks more stable than Severe laterally unstable. Likely to widen vertical/lateral instability. Severe further. Majority of both banks are near incision, flow contained within the banks. protection or natural rock, prominent of banks are stable (60-80%). or Poor due to lower bank slopes. Channel (80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of Streambed below average rooting depth, Vegetative protection or natural rock Erosion may be present on 40-60% of Condition bankfull benches are present. Access prominent (60-80%) AND/OR both banks. Vegetative protection on banks. Vegetative protection present majority of banks vertical/undercut. to their original floodplain or fully Depositional features contribute to 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient Vegetative protection present on less developed wide bankfull benches. Midstability. The bankfull and low flow to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of than 20% of banks, is not preventing vertical or undercut. AND/OR 40-60% Sediment may be temporary channel bars and transverse bars few. channels are well defined. Stream likely the stream is covered by sediment. erosion. Obvious bank sloughing has access to bankfull benches.or Transient sediment deposition covers transient, contribute instability. Sediment is temporary / transient in present. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100%. less than 10% of bottom. newly developed floodplains along Deposition that contribute to stability, nature, and contributing to instability. AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater may be forming/present. AND/OR Vthan 80% of stream bed is covered by portions of the reach. Transient AND/OR V-shaped channels have sediment covers 10-40% of the stream deposition, contributing to instability. shaped channels have vegetative vegetative protection is present on > protection on > 40% of the banks and 40% of the banks and stable sediment Multiple thread channels and/or bottom. depositional features which contribute subterranean flow. deposition is absent. to stability. CI 2.4 1.6 3.00 3 2 Scores NOTES>> 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) NOTES>> **Conditional Category Optimal** Suboptimal **Marginal** Poor Low Marginal: High Poor: Lawns, Non-maintained, mowed, and High Suboptimal: Low Suboptimal: dense herbaceous **High Marginal:** maintained areas. **Low Poor:** Riparian areas with Riparian areas with Non-maintained, vegetation, riparian nurseries; no-till Impervious tree stratum (dbh > tree stratum (dbh > areas lacking shrub dense herbaceous cropland; actively surfaces, mine 3 inches) present, 3 inches) present, Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present vegetation with and tree stratum, grazed pasture, spoil lands, Riparian with 30% to 60% with 30% to 60% with > 60% tree canopy cover. denuded surfaces, either a shrub layer hay production, sparsely vegetated tree canopy cover tree canopy cover **Buffers** or a tree layer (dbh ponds, open water Wetlands located within the riparian non-maintained row crops, active and containing both and a maintained > 3 inches) feed lots, trails, or areas. If present, tree area, recently herbaceous and inderstory. Recen present, with <30% stratum (dbh >3 seeded and other comparable shrub layers or a cutover (dense stabilized, or other conditions. tree canopy cover. inches) present, non-maintained vegetation). with <30% tree comparable understory. canopy cover with condition. maintained understory. High High High Low Low Low 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.75 0.6 0.5 0.85 Scores 1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors. Ensure the sums 2. Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below. of % Riparian 3. Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below. Blocks equal 100 100% 100% % Riparian Area> **Right Bank** 1.5 Score > CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2 100% CI 100% % Riparian Area> Rt Bank CI > 1.50 Left Bank 1.5 Lt Bank CI > 1.50 Score > 1.50 3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embeddeness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features. **Conditional Category** NOTES>> **Optimal Suboptimal Marginal** Poor Instream Habitat/ Stable habitat elements are typically Stable habitat elements are typically Habitat elements listed above are **Available** present in 30-50% of the reach and are Habitat elements are typically present present in 10-30% of the reach and are lacking or are unstable. Habitat Cover in greater than 50% of the reach. adequate for maintenance of adequate for maintenance of elements are typically present in less than 10% of the reach. populations. populations. **Stream Gradient** CI High 1.5 1.2 0.9 0.5 1.50 **Scores**

	S	tream Ir	mpact A	ssessm	nent For	m Page	2		
Project #	Project Name (Appl	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR#	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	Roanoke County	R3	03010101	10/5/2021	S-IJ85	50	1	
4. CHANNEL	ALTERATION: Stream crossing	gs, riprap, concret			ightening of chann	el, channelization,			ons, livestock
4. CHANNEL	ALTERATION: Stream crossing			al Category	ightening of chann erate	el, channelization, Sev		poil piles, constriction	ons, livestock

stream has been

channelized,

normal stable

stream meander

pattern has not

recovered.

0.7

REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

stream has been

channelized,

normal stable

stream meander

pattern has not

recovered.

0.9

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

unaltered pattern or has naturalized.

1.5

alterations listed in alterations listed in

the parameter

guidelines.

1.3

the parameter

guidelines.

1.1

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 1.50 RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>

75

CI

1.50

 $CR = RCI X L_I X IF$

80% of banks shored with gabion,

riprap, or cement.

0.5

INSERT PHOTOS:

Scores



Optimal scores were assumed as no safe access was available for this SAR.

DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER