Baseline Assessment - Stream Attributes

Reach S-D12 (Pipeline ROW)
Intermittent
Spread H
Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	✓
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	✓
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Not enough riffle habitat
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

Photo Type: DS VIEW
Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking SE, AW

Photo Type: US VIEW
Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking NW, AW

Photo Type: LB CL
Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking SW, AW

Photo Type: RB CL
Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking NE, AW

Photo Type: DS COND

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking SE at confluence of S-D12 and S-D13, ES

L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread H\Field Forms\S-D12\Photo Document Template_S-D12.docx

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)	Mountain Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	37.121558	Lon.	-80.085642	WEATHER:	Sunny	DATE:	August 26, 2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID AND SITE DESCRIPTION: (watershed size (acreage), unaltered or impairments)	S-D12			MITIGATION STREAM CLASS./SITE ID AND SITE DESCRIPTION: (watershed size (acreage), unaltered or impairments)					Comments:	
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	54	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:	None	Mitigation Length:	

Column No. 1- Impact Existing Condition (Debit)

Stream Classification: Intermittent

Percent Stream Channel Slope: 7.3

HGM Score (attach data forms):

		Average
Hydrology	0.62	
Biogeochemical Cycling	0.4	0.45666667
Habitat	0.35	

PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators

	Points Scale	Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications)			
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	0-1	10
2. Embeddedness	0-20		7
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		10
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		13
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		11
6. Channel Alteration	0-20		19
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		14
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		11
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		11
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		12
Total RBP Score	Suboptimal		118
Sub-Total			0.59
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			
Specific Conductivity		0-1	
100-199 - 85 points	0-90		125.8
pH			
8.1-9.0 = 45 points	0-80		8.67
DO			
>5.0 = 30 points	10-30		8.27
Sub-Total			0.8
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			
0	0-100	0-1	
Sub-Total			0

PART II - Index and Unit Score

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.576	54	31.095

Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Condition - Baseline (Credit)

Stream Classification:

Percent Stream Channel Slope:

HGM Score (attach data forms):

		Average
Hydrology		
Biogeochemical Cycling		0
Habitat		

PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators

	Points Scale	Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications)			
USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)			
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	0-1	
2. Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20		
3. Pool Variability	0-20		
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		
6. Channel Alteration	0-20		
7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20		
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		
Total RBP Score	Poor		0
Sub-Total			0
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			
Specific Conductivity		0-1	
	0-90		
pH			
	5-90		
DO			
	10-30		
Sub-Total			0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			
	0-100	0-1	
Sub-Total			0

PART II - Index and Unit Score

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0	0	0

Column No. 3- Mitigation Projected at Five Years Post Completion (Credit)

Stream Classification: 0

Percent Stream Channel Slope: 0

HGM Score (attach data forms):

		Average
Hydrology		
Biogeochemical Cycling		0
Habitat		

PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators

	Points Scale	Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications)			
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	0-1	
2. Embeddedness	0-20		
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		
6. Channel Alteration	0-20		
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		
Total RBP Score	Poor		0
Sub-Total			0
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			
Specific Conductivity		0-1	
	0-90		
pH			
	5-90		
DO			
	10-30		
Sub-Total			0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			
	0-100	0-1	
Sub-Total			0

PART II - Index and Unit Score

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0	0	0

Column No. 4- Mitigation Projected at Ten Years Post Completion (Credit)

Stream Classification: 0

Percent Stream Channel Slope: 0

HGM Score (attach data forms):

		Average
Hydrology		
Biogeochemical Cycling		0
Habitat		

PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators

	Points Scale	Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications)			
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	0-1	
2. Embeddedness	0-20		
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		
6. Channel Alteration	0-20		
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		
Total RBP Score	Poor		0
Sub-Total			0
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			
Specific Conductivity		0-1	
	0-90		
pH			
	5-90		
DO			
	10-30		
Sub-Total			0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			
	0-100	0-1	
Sub-Total			0

PART II - Index and Unit Score

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0	0	0

Column No. 5- Mitigation Projected at Maturity (Credit)

Stream Classification: 0

Percent Stream Channel Slope: 0

HGM Score (attach data forms):

		Average
Hydrology		
Biogeochemical Cycling		0
Habitat		

PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators

	Points Scale	Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications)			
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	0-1	
2. Embeddedness	0-20		
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		
6. Channel Alteration	0-20		
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		
Total RBP Score	Poor		0
Sub-Total			0
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			
Specific Conductivity		0-1	
	0-90		
pH			
	5-90		
DO			
	10-30		
Sub-Total			0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams)			
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			
	0-100	0-1	
Sub-Total			0

PART II - Index and Unit Score

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0	0	0

Ver. 10-20-17

FCI Calculator for the High-Gradient Headwater Streams in Appalachia

To ensure accurate calculations, the UPPERMOST STRATUM of the plant community is determined based on the calculated value for $V_{CCANOPY}$ (≥20% cover is required for tree/sapling strata). Go to the SAR Data Entry tab and enter site characteristics and data in the yellow cells. For information on determining how to split a project into SARs, see Chapter 5 of the Operational Draft Regional Guidebook for the Functional Assessment of High-Gradient Headwater Streams and Low-Gradient Perennial Streams in Appalachia (Environmental Laboratory U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 2017).

Project Name: Mountain Valley Pipeline
Location: Franklin
Sampling Date: 8/26/21

Project Site Before Project

Subclass for this SAR:
Intermittent Stream

Uppermost stratum present at this SAR:
Shrub/Herb Strata

SAR number: S-D12

Functional Results Summary:

Enter Results in Section A of the Mitigation Sufficiency Calculator

Function	Functional Capacity Index
Hydrology	0.62
Biogeochemical Cycling	0.40
Habitat	0.35

Variable Measure and Subindex Summary:

Variable	Name	Average Measure	Subindex
$V_{CCANOPY}$	Percent canpoy over channel.	Not Used, <20%	Not Used
V_{EMBED}	Average embeddedness of channel.	2.00	0.46
$V_{SUBSTRATE}$	Median stream channel substrate particle size.	1.30	0.65
V_{BERO}	Total percent of eroded stream channel bank.	100.00	0.54
V_{LWD}	Number of down woody stems per 100 feet of stream.	0.00	0.00
V_{TDBH}	Average dbh of trees.	Not Used	Not Used
V_{SNAG}	Number of snags per 100 feet of stream.	0.00	0.10
V_{SSD}	Number of saplings and shrubs per 100 feet of stream.	9.26	0.14
V_{SRICH}	Riparian vegetation species richness.	0.00	0.00
$V_{DETRITUS}$	Average percent cover of leaves, sticks, etc.	38.75	0.47
V_{HERB}	Average percent cover of herbaceous vegetation.	75.00	1.00
V_{WLUSE}	Weighted Average of Runoff Score for Catchment.	1.00	1.00

Version 10-20-17

High-Gradient Headwater Streams in Appalachia
Field Data Sheet and Calculator

Team: AW JB
Project Name: Mountain Valley Pipeline
Location: Franklin
SAR Number: S-D12
Reach Length (ft): 54
Stream Type: Intermittent Stream
Latitude/UTM Northing: 37.121558
Longitude/UTM Easting: -80.085642
Sampling Date: 8/26/21

Top Strata: Shrub/Herb Strata (determined from percent calculated in $V_{CCANOPY}$)

Site and Timing: Project Site | Before Project

Sample Variables 1-4 in stream channel

1 $V_{CCANOPY}$ Average percent cover over channel by tree and sapling canopy. Measure at no fewer than 10 roughly equidistant points along the stream. Measure only if tree/sapling cover is at least 20%. (If less than 20%, enter at least one value between 0 and 19 to trigger Top Strata choice.)

Not Used, <20%

List the percent cover measurements at each point below:

0									

2 V_{EMBED} Average embeddedness of the stream channel. Measure at no fewer than 30 roughly equidistant points along the stream. Select a particle from the bed. Before moving it, determine the percentage of the surface and area surrounding the particle that is covered by fine sediment, and enter the rating according to the following table. If the bed is an artificial surface, or composed of fine sediments, use a rating score of 1. If the bed is composed of bedrock, use a rating score of 5.

2.0

Measure at least 30 points

Embeddedness rating for gravel, cobble and boulder particles (rescaled from Platts, Megahan, and Minshall 1983)

Rating	Rating Description
5	<5 percent of surface covered, surrounded, or buried by fine sediment (or bedrock)
4	5 to 25 percent of surface covered, surrounded, or buried by fine sediment
3	26 to 50 percent of surface covered, surrounded, or buried by fine sediment
2	51 to 75 percent of surface covered, surrounded, or buried by fine sediment
1	>75 percent of surface covered, surrounded, or buried by fine sediment (or artificial surface)

List the ratings at each point below:

1	3	1							
1	3	1							
1	3	1							
1	3	4							
1	2	4							

3 $V_{SUBSTRATE}$ Median stream channel substrate particle size. Measure at no fewer than 30 roughly equidistant points along the stream; use the same points and particles as used in V_{EMBED}.

1.30 in

Enter particle size in inches to the nearest 0.1 inch at each point below (bedrock should be counted as 99 in, asphalt or concrete as 0.0 in, sand or finer particles as 0.08 in):

2.20	1.70	0.08							
1.50	1.10	0.08							
7.40	2.30	0.08							
0.08	1.30	3.30							
0.08	0.60	2.00							

4 V_{BERO} Total percent of eroded stream channel bank. Enter the total number of feet of eroded bank on each side and the total percentage will be calculated If both banks are eroded, total erosion for the stream may be up to 200%.

100 %

Left Bank: 39 ft Right Bank: 15 ft

Sample Variables 5-9 within the entire riparian/buffer zone adjacent to the stream channel (25 feet from each bank).

5 V_{LWD} Number of down woody stems (at least 4 inches in diameter and 36 inches in length) per 100 feet of stream reach. Enter the number from the entire 50'-wide buffer and within the channel, and the amount per 100 feet of stream will be calculated.

0.0

Number of downed woody stems: 0

6 V_{TDBH} Average dbh of trees (measure only if $V_{CCANOPY}$ tree/sapling cover is at least 20%). Trees are at least 4 inches (10 cm) in diameter. Enter tree DBHs in inches.

Not Used

List the dbh measurements of individual trees (at least 4 in) within the buffer on each side of the stream below:

Left Side					Right Side				
0					0				

7 V_{SNAG} Number of snags (at least 4" dbh and 36" tall) per 100 feet of stream. Enter number of snags on each side of the stream, and the amount per 100 feet will be calculated.

0.0

Left Side: 0 Right Side: 0

8 V_{SSD} Number of saplings and shrubs (woody stems up to 4 inches dbh) per 100 feet of stream (measure only if tree cover is <20%). Enter number of saplings and shrubs on each side of the stream, and the amount per 100 ft of stream will be calculated.

9.3

Left Side: 3 Right Side: 2

9	V_{SRICH}	Riparian vegetation species richness per 100 feet of stream reach. Check all species present from Group 1 in the tallest stratum. Check all exotic and invasive species present in all strata. Species richness per 100 feet and the subindex will be calculated from these data.	0.00

Group 1 = 1.0				Group 2 (-1.0)			
☐	*Acer rubrum*	☐	*Magnolia tripetala*	☑	*Ailanthus altissima*	☑	*Lonicera japonica*
☐	*Acer saccharum*	☐	*Nyssa sylvatica*	☐	*Albizia julibrissin*	☐	*Lonicera tatarica*
☐	*Aesculus flava*	☐	*Oxydendrum arboreum*	☐	*Alliaria petiolata*	☐	*Lotus corniculatus*
☐	*Asimina triloba*	☐	*Prunus serotina*	☐	*Alternanthera philoxeroides*	☐	*Lythrum salicaria*
☐	*Betula alleghaniensis*	☐	*Quercus alba*			☑	*Microstegium vimineum*
☐	*Betula lenta*	☐	*Quercus coccinea*	☐	*Aster tataricus*	☐	*Paulownia tomentosa*
☐	*Carya alba*	☐	*Quercus imbricaria*	☐	*Cerastium fontanum*	☐	*Polygonum cuspidatum*
☐	*Carya glabra*	☐	*Quercus prinus*	☐	*Coronilla varia*	☐	*Pueraria montana*
☐	*Carya ovalis*	☐	*Quercus rubra*	☐	*Elaeagnus umbellata*	☑	*Rosa multiflora*
☐	*Carya ovata*	☐	*Quercus velutina*	☐	*Lespedeza bicolor*	☐	*Sorghum halepense*
☐	*Cornus florida*	☐	*Sassafras albidum*	☐	*Lespedeza cuneata*	☐	*Verbena brasiliensis*
☐	*Fagus grandifolia*	☐	*Tilia americana*	☐	*Ligustrum obtusifolium*		
☐	*Fraxinus americana*	☐	*Tsuga canadensis*	☐	*Ligustrum sinense*		
☐	*Liriodendron tulipifera*	☐	*Ulmus americana*				
☐	*Magnolia acuminata*						
0	Species in Group 1			4	Species in Group 2		

Sample Variables 10-11 within at least 8 subplots (40" x 40", or 1m x 1m) in the riparian/buffer zone within 25 feet from each bank. The four subplots should be placed roughly equidistantly along each side of the stream.

10	$V_{DETRITUS}$	Average percent cover of leaves, sticks, or other organic material. Woody debris <4" diameter and <36" long are include. Enter the percent cover of the detrital layer at each subplot.	38.75 %

Left Side				Right Side			
15	20			20	100		

11	V_{HERB}	Average percentage cover of herbaceous vegetation (measure only if tree cover is <20%). Do *not* include woody stems at least 4" dbh and 36" tall. Because there may be several layers of ground cover vegetation percentages up through 200% are accepted. Enter the percent cover of ground vegetation at each subplot.	75 %

Left Side				Right Side			
100	90			90	20		

Sample Variable 12 within the entire catchment of the stream.

12	V_{WLUSE}	Weighted Average of Runoff Score for watershed:	1.00

Land Use (Choose From Drop List)	Runoff Score	% in Catchment	Running Percent (not >100)
Forest and native range (>75% ground cover)	1	100	100

S-D12		
Variable	Value	VSI
$V_{CCANOPY}$	Not Used, <20%	Not Used
V_{EMBED}	2.0	0.46
$V_{SUBSTRATE}$	1.30 in	0.65
V_{BERO}	100 %	0.54
V_{LWD}	0.0	0.00
V_{TDBH}	Not Used	Not Used
V_{SNAG}	0.0	0.10
V_{SSD}	9.3	0.14
V_{SRICH}	0.00	0.00
$V_{DETRITUS}$	38.8 %	0.47
V_{HERB}	75 %	1.00
V_{WLUSE}	1	1.00

Notes:

Land Cover Analysis was completed using the 2019 National Land Cover Database (NLCD), from Landsat satellite imagery and other supplementary datasets.
Watershed boundaries are based off of field delineated stream impacts.
*Percentages in catchment values have been rounded to the nearest full number.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-D12	LOCATION Franklin County	
STATION # 13146+6 RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Intermittent	
LAT 37.121558 LONG -80.085642	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke	
STORET #	AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS AW, JB		
FORM COMPLETED BY AW, JB	DATE 8/26/21 TIME 9:00am	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

WEATHER CONDITIONS

Now

- ☐ storm (heavy rain)
- ☐ rain (steady rain)
- ☐ showers (intermittent)
- 20 % %cloud cover
- ☑ clear/sunny

Past 24 hours

- ☐
- ☐
- ☐
- ☐ ____ %
- ☑

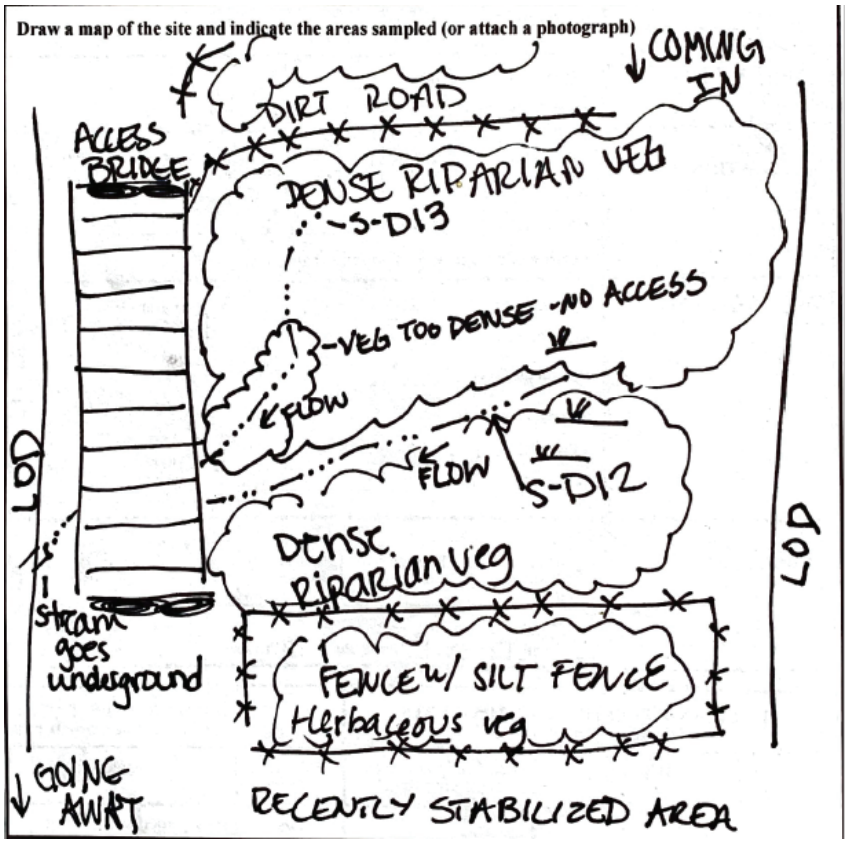
Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days? ☐ Yes ☑ No

Air Temperature 26.7 ^{0} C

Other _____

SITE LOCATION/MAP

Draw a map of the site and indicate the areas sampled (or attach a photograph)



STREAM CHARACTERIZATION

Stream Subsystem
☐ Perennial ☑ Intermittent ☐ Tidal

Stream Type
☐ Coldwater ☑ Warmwater

Stream Origin
- ☐ Glacial
- ☐ Non-glacial montane
- ☐ Swamp and bog
- ☑ Spring-fed
- ☐ Mixture of origins
- ☐ Other _____

Catchment Area 0.08 km^2

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES

Predominant Surrounding Landuse
- [x] Forest
- [ ] Field/Pasture
- [ ] Agricultural
- [ ] Residential
- [ ] Commercial
- [ ] Industrial
- [x] Other: Utility line

Local Watershed NPS Pollution
- [x] No evidence
- [ ] Some potential sources
- [ ] Obvious sources

Local Watershed Erosion
- [x] None
- [ ] Moderate
- [ ] Heavy

RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)

Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant species present
- [ ] Trees
- [x] Shrubs
- [ ] Grasses
- [x] Herbaceous

Dominant species present: Rubus sp., Fireweed, Impatiens capensis

INSTREAM FEATURES

Estimated Reach Length: 11.9 m

Estimated Stream Width: 0.8 m

Sampling Reach Area: 9.0 m^2

Area in km^2 (m^2x1000): _____ km^2

Estimated Stream Depth: 0.05-0.10 m

Surface Velocity (at thalweg): 0.01 m/sec

Canopy Cover
- [x] Partly open
- [ ] Partly shaded
- [ ] Shaded

High Water Mark: 0.1 m

Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types
Riffle 5 % Run 90 %
Pool 5 %

Channelized
- [ ] Yes
- [x] No

Dam Present
- [ ] Yes
- [x] No

LARGE WOODY DEBRIS

LWD: 0 m^2

Density of LWD: N/A m^2/km^2 **(LWD/ reach area)**

AQUATIC VEGETATION

Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant species present
- [x] Rooted emergent
- [ ] Floating Algae
- [ ] Rooted submergent
- [ ] Attached Algae
- [ ] Rooted floating
- [ ] Free floating

Dominant species present: Impatiens capensis

Portion of the reach with aquatic vegetation: 15 %

WATER QUALITY (DS, US)

Temperature: 19.8, 19.8 ^{0} C

Specific Conductance: 125.8,132.2 uS/cm

Dissolved Oxygen: 8.27,7.46 mg/L

pH: 8.67, 8.44

Turbidity: _____

WQ Instrument Used: YSI

Water Odors
- [x] Normal/None
- [ ] Sewage
- [ ] Petroleum
- [ ] Chemical
- [ ] Fishy
- [ ] Other: _____

Water Surface Oils
- [ ] Slick
- [ ] Sheen
- [ ] Globs
- [ ] Flecks
- [x] None
- [ ] Other: _____

Turbidity (if not measured)
- [ ] Clear
- [ ] Slightly turbid
- [ ] Turbid
- [ ] Opaque
- [ ] Stained
- [ ] Other: _____

SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE

Odors
- [ ] Normal
- [ ] Sewage
- [ ] Petroleum
- [ ] Chemical
- [ ] Anaerobic
- [ ] None
- [x] Other: Unknown

Oils
- [x] Absent
- [ ] Slight
- [ ] Moderate
- [ ] Profuse

Deposits
- [ ] Sludge
- [ ] Sawdust
- [ ] Paper fiber
- [ ] Sand
- [ ] Relict shells
- [ ] Other: _____

Looking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color?
- [ ] Yes
- [x] No

INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%)			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)		
Substrate Type	**Diameter**	**% Composition in Sampling Reach**	**Substrate Type**	**Characteristic**	**% Composition in Sampling Area**
Bedrock		0	Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	20
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")	0			
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")	5	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	0
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")	10			
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)	35	Marl	grey, shell fragments	0
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm	30			
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)	10			

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-D12	LOCATION Franklin County	
STATION # 13146+6 RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Intermittent	
LAT 37.121558 LONG -80.085642	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke	
STORET #	AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS AW, JB		
FORM COMPLETED BY AW, JB	DATE 8/26/21 TIME 9:00am AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach

Habitat Parameter	Condition Category			
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.
SCORE 10	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25-50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50-75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.
SCORE 7	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).
SCORE 10	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.
SCORE 13	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.
SCORE 11	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0

Notes:

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat Parameter	Condition Category			
		Optimal	**Suboptimal**	**Marginal**	**Poor**
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	**6. Channel Alteration**	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.
	SCORE 19	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.
	SCORE 14	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
	8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.
	SCORE 5	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 6	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.
	SCORE 6	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 5	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6-12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.
	SCORE 6	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 6	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0

Total Score 118 Notes:

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME S-D12	LOCATION Franklin County	
STATION # 13146+6 RIVERMILE_____	STREAM CLASS Intermittent	
LAT 37.121558 LONG -80.085642	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke	
STORET #	AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS AW, JB		LOT NUMBER
FORM COMPLETED BY AW, JB	DATE 8/26/21 TIME 9:00am	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

HABITAT TYPES	**Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present** ☐Cobble_____% ☐Snags_____% ☐Vegetated Banks_____% ☐Sand_____% ☐Submerged Macrophytes_____% ☐Other ( )_____%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	**Gear used** ☐D-frame ☐kick-net ☐Other _____ **How were the samples collected?** ☐wading ☐from bank ☐from boat **Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.** ☐Cobble_____ ☐Snags_____ ☐Vegetated Banks_____ ☐Sand_____ ☐Submerged Macrophytes_____ ☐Other ( )_____
GENERAL COMMENTS	Stream not wide enough for benthic sampling and not enough riffle habitat for sampling.

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA
Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS
Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3= Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Franklin County
Stream ID: S-D12
Stream Name: UNT to North Fork Blackwater River
HUC Code: 03010101
Basin: Upper Roanoke
Survey Date: 8/26/2021
Surveyors: AW JB
Type: Representative

PEBBLE COUNT							
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	**Total #**	**Item %**	**% Cum**
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C		39	39.00	39.00
	Very Fine	.062-.125			0	0.00	39.00
	Fine	.125-.25			0	0.00	39.00
	Medium	.25-.5	SAND		2	2.00	41.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0			7	7.00	48.00
.04-.08	Very Coarse	1.0-2			6	6.00	54.00
.08 -.16	Very Fine	2 -4			2	2.00	56.00
.16 - .22	Fine	4 -5.7			3	3.00	59.00
.22 - .31	Fine	5.7 - 8			2	2.00	61.00
.31 - .44	Medium	8 -11.3			0	0.00	61.00
.44 - .63	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL		6	6.00	67.00
.63 - .89	Coarse	16 -22.6			2	2.00	69.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32			4	4.00	73.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45			9	9.00	82.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64			7	7.00	89.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90			3	3.00	92.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128			4	4.00	96.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE		3	3.00	99.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256			1	1.00	100.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362			0	0.00	100.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512			0	0.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER		0	0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048			0	0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096			0	0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK		0	0.00	100.00
				Totals	100		
	Total Tally:						

RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

River Name: UNT to North Fork Blackwater River
Reach Name: S-D12
Sample Name: Representative
Survey Date: 08/26/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062	39	39.00	39.00
0.062 - 0.125	0	0.00	39.00
0.125 - 0.25	0	0.00	39.00
0.25 - 0.50	2	2.00	41.00
0.50 - 1.0	7	7.00	48.00
1.0 - 2.0	6	6.00	54.00
2.0 - 4.0	2	2.00	56.00
4.0 - 5.7	3	3.00	59.00
5.7 - 8.0	2	2.00	61.00
8.0 - 11.3	0	0.00	61.00
11.3 - 16.0	6	6.00	67.00
16.0 - 22.6	2	2.00	69.00
22.6 - 32.0	4	4.00	73.00
32 - 45	9	9.00	82.00
45 - 64	7	7.00	89.00
64 - 90	3	3.00	92.00
90 - 128	4	4.00	96.00
128 - 180	3	3.00	99.00
180 - 256	1	1.00	100.00
256 - 362	0	0.00	100.00
362 - 512	0	0.00	100.00
512 - 1024	0	0.00	100.00
1024 - 2048	0	0.00	100.00
Bedrock	0	0.00	100.00

D16 (mm)	0.03
D35 (mm)	0.06
D50 (mm)	1.33
D84 (mm)	50.43
D95 (mm)	118.5
D100 (mm)	255.99
Silt/Clay (%)	39
Sand (%)	15
Gravel (%)	35
Cobble (%)	11
Boulder (%)	0
Bedrock (%)	0

Total Particles = 100.

Stream Assessment Form (Form 1)

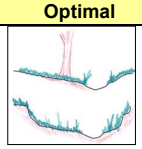
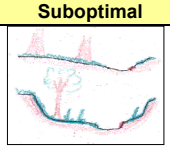
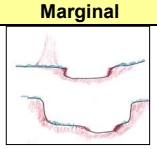
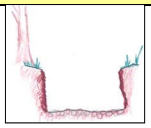
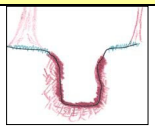
Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia

For use in wadeable channels classified as intermittent or perennial

Project #	Project Name (Applicant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC)	Franklin County	R4	03010101	8/26/21	S-D12	54	1

Name(s) of Evaluator(s)	Stream Name and Information	SAR Length
AW, JB	UNT to North Fork Blackwater River	65

1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation)

	Conditional Category					
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor	Severe	
Channel Condition	 Very little incision or active erosion; 80-100% stable banks. Vegetative surface protection or natural rock, prominent (80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars / bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully developed wide bankfull benches. Mid-channel bars and transverse bars few. Transient sediment deposition covers less than 10% of bottom.	 Slightly incised, few areas of active erosion or unprotected banks. Majority of banks are stable (60-80%). Vegetative protection or natural rock prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to stability. The bankfull and low flow channels are well defined. Stream likely has access to bankfull benches,or newly developed floodplains along portions of the reach. Transient sediment covers 10-40% of the stream bottom.	 Often incised, but less than Severe or Poor. Banks more stable than Severe or Poor due to lower bank slopes. Erosion may be present on 40-60% of both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be vertical or undercut. AND/OR 40-60% Sediment may be temporary / transient, contribute instability. Deposition that contribute to stability, may be forming/present. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection on > 40% of the banks and depositional features which contribute to stability.	 Overwidened/incised. Vertically / laterally unstable. Likely to widen further. Majority of both banks are near vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of banks. Vegetative protection present on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in nature, and contributing to instability. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection is present on > 40% of the banks and stable sediment deposition is absent.	 Deeply incised (or excavated), vertical/lateral instability. Severe incision, flow contained within the banks. Streambed below average rooting depth, majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less than 20% of banks, is not preventing erosion. Obvious bank sloughing present. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100%. AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability. Multiple thread channels and/or subterranean flow.	CI
Scores	3	2.4	2	1.6	1	2.40
NOTES>>						

2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable)

	Conditional Category							NOTES>>
	Optimal	Suboptimal		Marginal		Poor		
Riparian Buffers	Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas.	**High Suboptimal:** Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.	**Low Suboptimal:** Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	**High Marginal:** Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	**Low Marginal:** Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	**High Poor:** Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	**Low Poor:** Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	
		High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	
Scores	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.85	0.75	0.6	0.5	

1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors.
2. Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below.
3. Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below.

Ensure the sums of % Riparian Blocks equal 100

Right Bank	% Riparian Area>	10%	20%	70%				100%	
	Score >	1.5	0.5	0.75					
									CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2
Left Bank	% Riparian Area>	50%	50%					100%	Rt Bank CI > 0.78
	Score >	0.5	0.75						Lt Bank CI > 0.63

CI: 0.70

3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embededness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features.

	Conditional Category				NOTES>>	
	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor		
Instream Habitat/ Available Cover	Habitat elements are typically present in greater than 50% of the reach.	Stable habitat elements are typically present in 30-50% of the reach and are adequate for maintenance of populations.	Stable habitat elements are typically present in 10-30% of the reach and are adequate for maintenance of populations.	Habitat elements listed above are lacking or are unstable. Habitat elements are typically present in less than 10% of the reach.	Stream Gradient	CI
Scores	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.5	High	0.90

Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2

Project #	Project Name (Applicant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC)	Franklin County	R4	03010101	8/26/21	S-D12	54	1

4. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock

	Conditional Category						NOTES>>	
	Negligible	Minor		Moderate		Severe		
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	Less than 20% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	20-40% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	40 - 60% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	60 - 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	Greater than 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines AND/OR 80% of banks shored with gabion, riprap, or cement.		CI
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5		1.50

REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

NOTE: **The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.**

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >>	**1.10**

RCI= (Sum of all CI's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian CI/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>	**59**

CR = RCI X L_I X IF

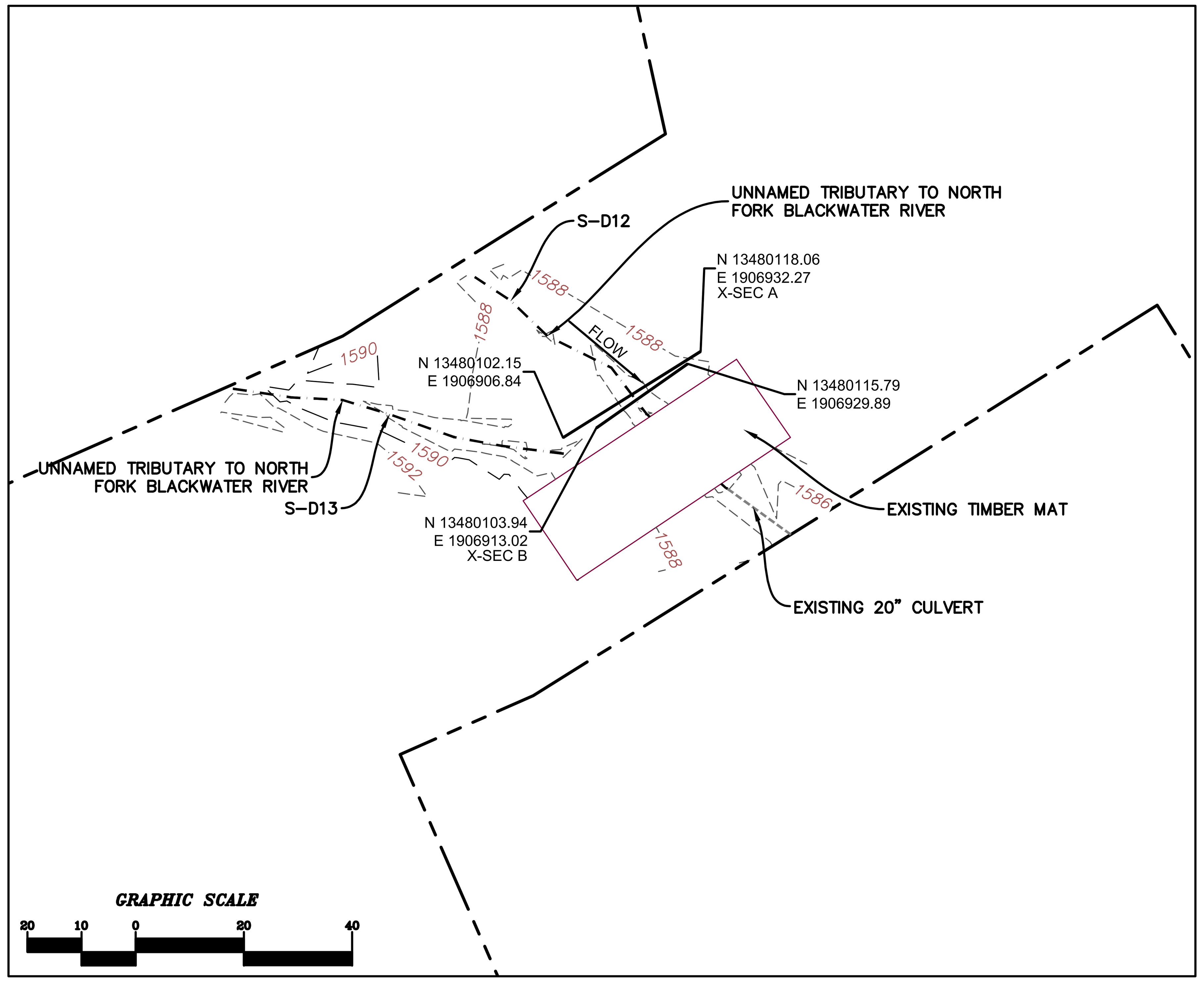
INSERT PHOTOS:

(WSSI Photo Location "L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread H\Field Forms\S-D12\Photos\US COND.jpg")

Looking upstream wihtin ROW. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.

DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER



NORTH

S-D12

LEGEND

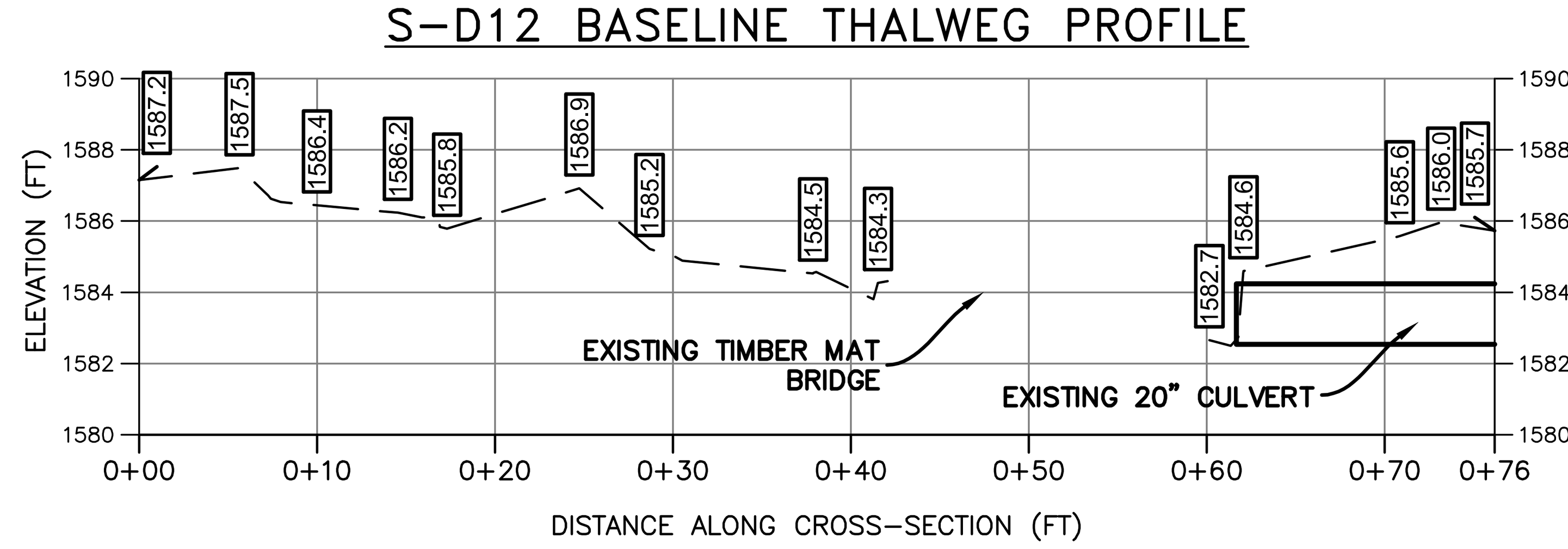
- STUDY AREA (EASEMENT)
- EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED THALWEG
- 1900 EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- 1904 EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR

SURVEY NOTES:

1. THIS MAP HAS BEEN ORIENTED TO NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, AND VERTICALLY TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88), USING REAL TIME DGPS. FIELD LOCATIONS WERE COMPLETED ON AUGUST 26, 2021.
2. EASEMENT LINES SHOWN ON PLAN VIEW WERE PROVIDED BY MOUNTAIN VALLEY PIPELINE.
3. SURVEY POINTS FOR CROSS SECTIONS AND THALWEG PROFILES COLLECTED IN 2021 HAVE BEEN USED IN COMBINATION WITH SURVEY POINTS COLLECTED PREVIOUSLY IN 2020 IN ORDER TO GENERATE THE PRE-CROSSING SURFACE SHOWN IN PLAN. DUE TO NATURAL EROSIONAL STREAM PROCESSES THAT CAN OCCUR OVER TIME, MINOR ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PROFILE ALIGNMENTS MAY HAVE BEEN REQUIRED IN ORDER TO GENERATE A CLEAN PRE-CROSSING SURFACE.
4. ALL SECTION VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.
5. CROSS SECTION A GENERATED USING SURFACE (NOT SURVEYED.) ALL OTHER WERE GENERATED FROM SURVEY DATA.

No.	Date	Eng.	Revision

S-D12 BASELINE THALWEG PROFILE



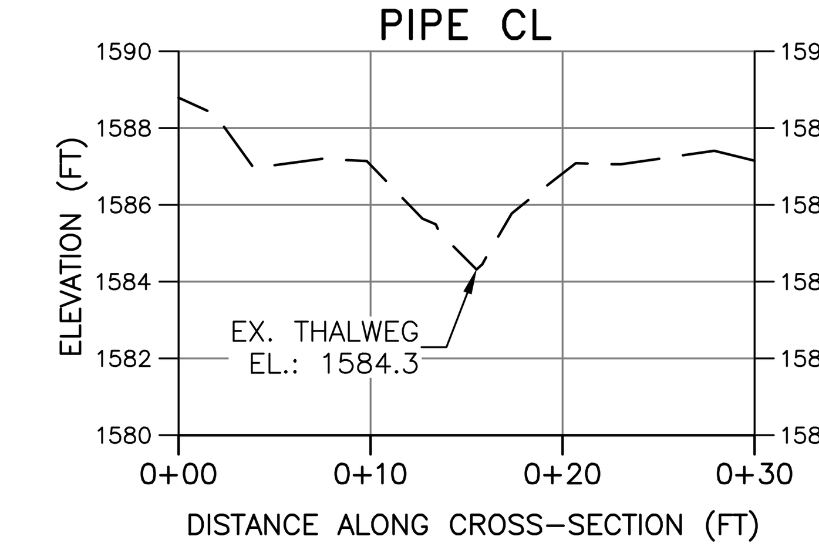
PROFILE LEGEND

EXISTING STREAM PROFILE INVERT ALONG THALWEG

PROFILE
SCALE: H: 1"=10' V: 1"=5'

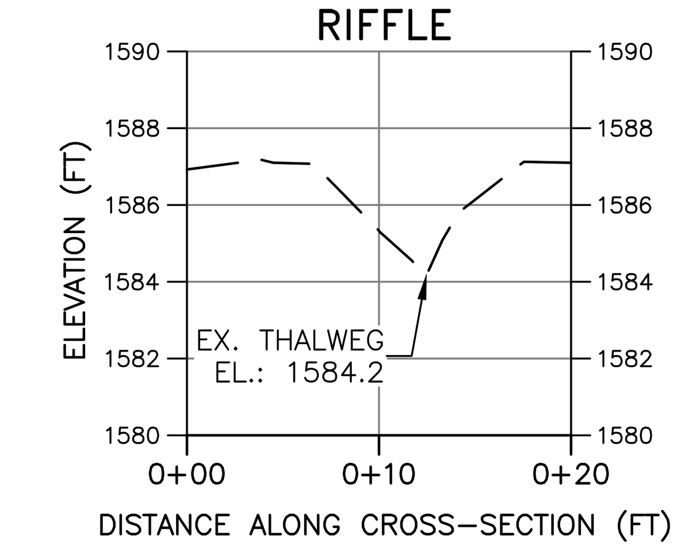
S-D12 BASELINE CROSS-SECTION A

PIPE CL



S-D12 BASELINE CROSS-SECTION B

RIFFLE



CROSS SECTION LEGEND

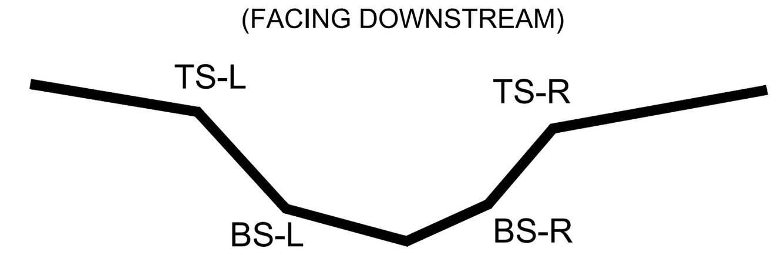
EXISTING GRADE

CROSS SECTION
SCALE: H: 1"=10' V: 1"=5'

NOTE: ALL SECTIONS VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.

CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-D12 CROSS SECTION A (PIPE CL)					
	PRE-CROSSING			POST-CROSSING	
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	VERT. DIFF.	HORZ. DIFF.
TS-L	13480112.3500'	1906924.2580'	1587.136'		
BS-L	13480109.7697'	1906921.0109'	1584.405'		
THW	13480109.2235'	1906920.2266'	1584.149'		
BS-R	13480108.8400'	1906919.7320'	1584.242'		
TS-R	13480107.5400'	1906918.4130'	1585.793'		

TYPICAL 5-POINT CROSS-SECTION
(FACING DOWNSTREAM)



TS: TOP OF SLOPE
BS: BOTTOM OF SLOPE
THW: THALWEG (INVERT)

PRE-CROSSING PHOTOS

PHOTO TAKEN AUGUST 26, 2021 LOOKING DOWNSTREAM FROM UPSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

PHOTO TAKEN AUGUST 26, 2021 LOOKING UPSTREAM FROM DOWNSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

POST-CROSSING PHOTOS

PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING DOWNSTREAM FROM UPSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM FROM DOWNSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

CAD File No.
JZ Drawn
GH Checked
DW Approved
NOTED Scale:
SEPT. 2021 Date:
112IC07157 Project No.

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CANONSBURG, PA 15317

Title
PROFILE AND CROSS-SECTIONS
BASELINE SURVEY
CROSSING S-D13 – UNNAMED TRIB. TO
N. FORK BLACKWATER RIVER (MP 213.72)
FRANKLIN COUNTY, VA

1
Drawing No.